## **Standard Product Reference Sheet**



Package	SMD Top view Package, Green color emitting LED Outer dimension 2.2 x 1.7 x 0.75mm ( L x W x H )		
Product features	<ul> <li>Moisture sensitive level: 2a</li> <li>Lead-free soldering compatible</li> <li>RoHS2 compliant</li> </ul>		

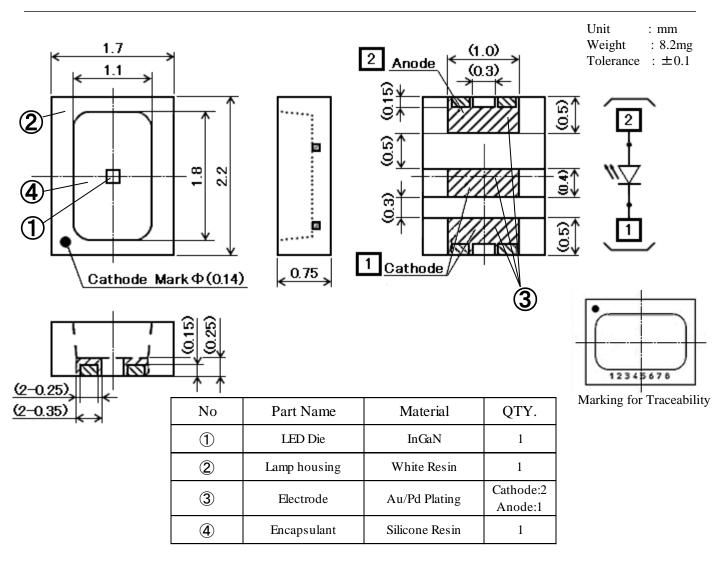
## **Recommended Applications**

•Light source for Automotive use, Back light, Various indicator, etc.

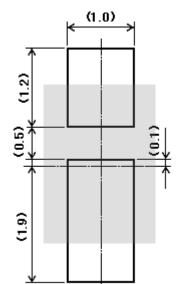


#### **Outline Dimensions**





#### **Recommended Soldering Pattern**



Unit: mm



#### [ Product Overview ]

Die Material	InGaN		
Emitting Color	Green		
Resin Color [Emitting Area]	Yellow Green		
Lamp Housing Color	White		

#### [ Absolute Maximum Ratings ]

Absolute Waximum Ratings 1			(Ta=25°C)	<u>)</u>
ITEM	SYMBOL	MAXIMUM RATINGS	UNITS	
Power Dissipation	P <sub>d</sub>	76	mW	
Forward Current	$I_{\mathrm{F}}$	20	mA	
Repetitive Peak Forward Current [1ms, 1/10Duty]	I <sub>FRM</sub>	30	mA	
$I_F$ Derate Linearly 【Ta=from $85^{\circ}$ C】	$\Delta I_{ m F}$	0.8	mA	
I <sub>FRM</sub> Derate Linearly 【Ta=from 85°C】	$\Delta I_{FRM}$	4.0	mA	
Reverse Current	$I_R$	5	mA	
Operarting Temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	-40 <b>~</b> +100	$^{\circ}$ C	
Storage Temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-40 <b>~</b> +110	$^{\circ}$	
Junction Temperature	Tj	110	$^{\circ}$	
Electrostatic Discharge Threshold 【HBM】	ESD	1,000	V	Note
Soldering Temperature  [Reflow Soldering]	$T_{\rm sld}$	260	$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$	Note

Note1 ESD testing method : EIAJ4701/300(304) Human Body Model(HBM)  $1.5k\Omega$ ,100pF

Note2 Please refer to page 9, Soldering Conditions.

#### [ Thermal Characteristics ]

(Ta=25°C)

				(1u=23 C)	_
	ITEM	SYMBOL	TYP.	UNITS	
Thermal Resistance [Junction - Ambient]		$R_{th(j-s)}$	250	°C/W	Note3
	Thermal Resistance [Junction - Solder Point]	$R_{th(j-s)}$	80	°C/W	

Note3 Rth(j-a) Measurement Condition

• Substrate:FR4 (t=1.6mm)

Pattern Size: 16mm<sup>2</sup>

## **Specifications**

#### [ Electro-Optical Characteristics ]

						(Ta=25°C)	<u>.</u>
ITEM	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	
Forward Voltage	$V_{\rm F}$	$I_F = 10 \text{mA}$	2.7	3.2	3.5	V	Note4
Reverse Current	$I_R$	$V_R = 5V$	-	-	10	μΑ	
Luminous Intensity	$I_{V}$	$I_F = 10 \text{mA}$	120	210	330	med	Note5
Luminous Flux	$\Phi_{ m V}$	$I_F = 10 \text{mA}$	-	0.62	-	lm	
Characticity Coordinates	Х	$I_F = 10 \text{mA}$	-	0.368	-		Note6,7
Chromaticity Coordinates	у	$I_F = 10 \text{mA}$	-	0.587	-		Noteo,/
Dominant Wavelength	λd	$I_F = 10 \text{mA}$	556	560	564	nm	
Color Purity	-	$I_F = 10 \text{mA}$	85		100	%	
II ICI ( A I	Δθχ	T 10 A	-	115	-	1	N . O
Haii intensity Angle	alf Intensity Angle ${\Delta \theta y} I_F = 1$	$I_F = 10$ mA	-	115	-	deg.	Note8

Note4 Tolerance:±0.1V

Note5,6 Please refer to the attached sheets, each sorting chart.

Note7 Chromaticity coordinates; x and y according to CIE1931

Note8 Calculated value from chromaticity coordinates

Note9 Viewing Angle at 50% Iv,  $\Delta\theta X$ ; Housing long side axis,  $\Delta\theta Y$ ; Housing short side axis

#### [ Sorting Chart for Luminous Intensity, Iv ]

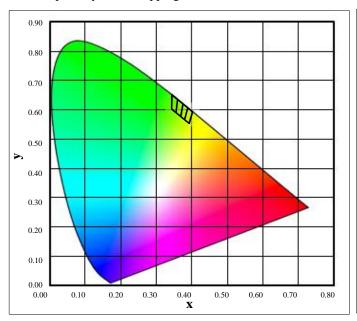
LEDs shall be sorted out into the following chart and each rank parts shall be packed separately when shipping.

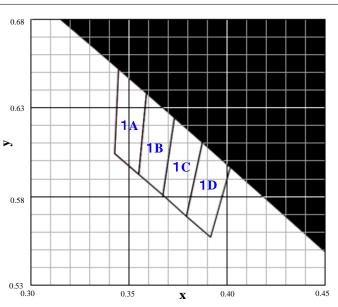
RANK	Luminous Iv	CONDITIONS		
	MIN. MAX.			
C2	120	150		
C3	150	180		
C4	180	220	$I_F = 10\text{mA}$ $Ta=25^{\circ}C$	
C5	220	270		
C6	270	330		

Notes Intensity tolerance each rank:  $\pm 10\%$ 

#### [ Sorting chart For Chromaticity coordinates ]

Chromaticity coordinates shall be sorted out into the following chart and each rank parts shall be packed separately when shipping.





Rank	Left down		Left up		Right up		Right down	
Kank	X	у	X	у	X	у	X	у
1A	0.3428	0.6042	0.3445	0.6520	0.3588	0.6383	0.3550	0.5925
1B	0.3550	0.5925	0.3588	0.6383	0.3731	0.6245	0.3671	0.5808
1C	0.3671	0.5808	0.3731	0.6245	0.3874	0.6105	0.3793	0.5690
1D	0.3793	0.5690	0.3874	0.6105	0.4016	0.5966	0.3914	0.5571

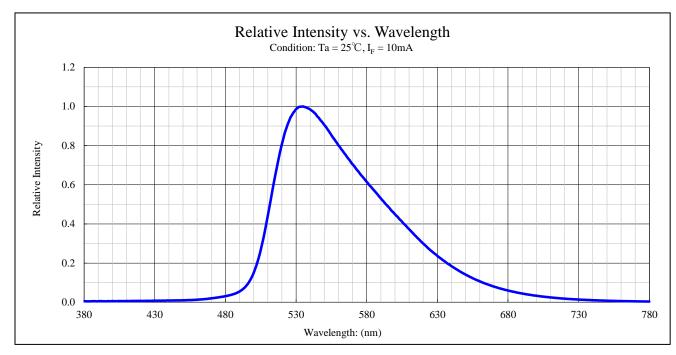
Notes : Chromaticity Coordinates Tolerance Each Rank :  $\pm 0.01$ 

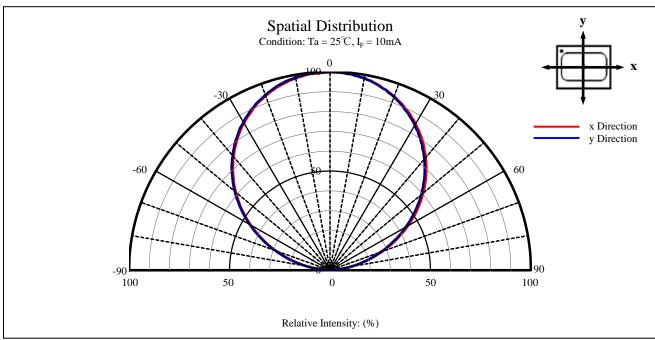
#### [Reference] Details of chromaticity coordinates rank

Rank	Dominant Wa	velength (nm)	Color Purity (%)		
Kalik	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
1A	556	558	85	100	
1B	558	560	85	100	
1C	560	562	85	100	
1D	562	564	85	100	

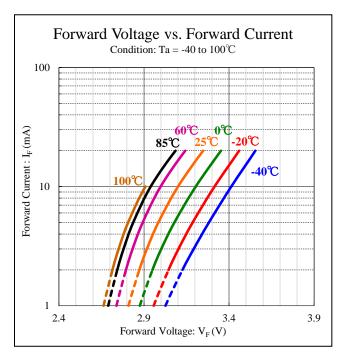
Notes: The above values are calculated from each chromaticity coordinates and excluding tolerance.

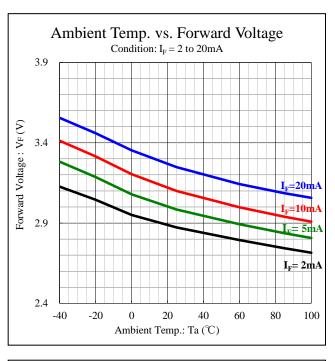


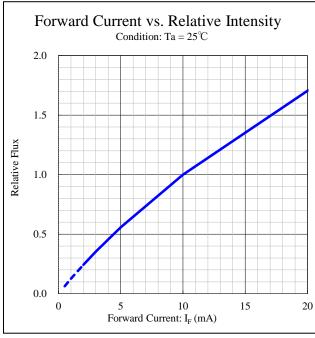


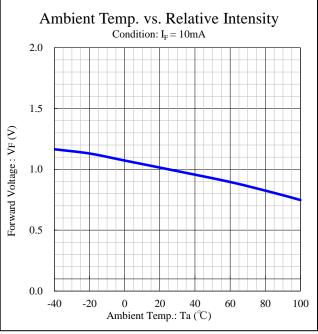




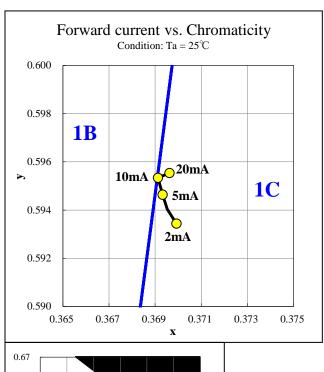


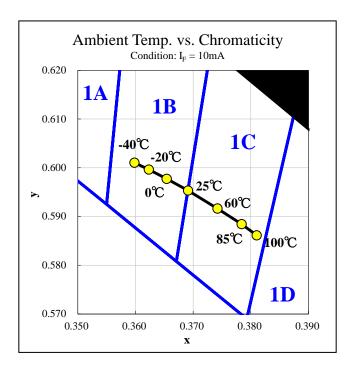


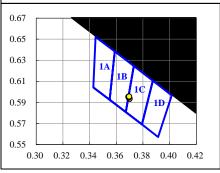


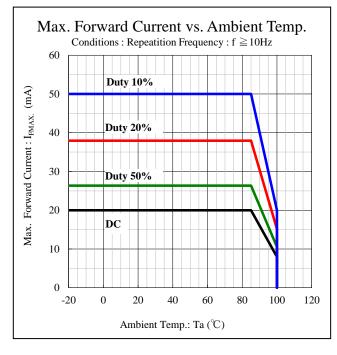


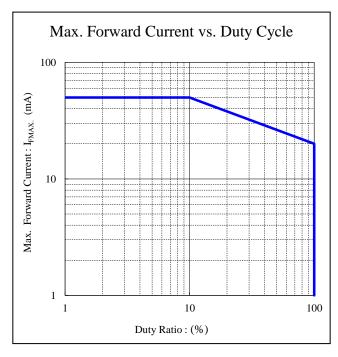












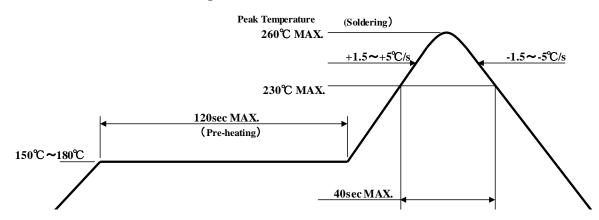
#### **[Soldering Precaution]**

(acc.to EIAJ-4701/300)

- 1. Heat stress during soldering will influence the reliability of LEDs, however that effect will vary on heating method. Also, if components of varying shape are soldered together, it is recommended to set the soldering pad temperature according to the component most vulnerable to heat (e.g., surface mount LED).
- 2. LED parts including the resin are not stable immediately after soldering ( when they are not at room temperature), any mechanical stress may cause damage to the product. Please avoid such stress after soldering, especially stacking of the boards which may cause the boards to warp and any other types of friction with hard materials.
- 3. Recommended temperature profile for the Reflow soldering is listed as the temperature of the resin surface. Temperature distribution varies on heating method, PCB material, other components in the assembly, and mounting density.

Please do not repeat the heating process in Reflow process more than twice.

#### [Recommended Reflow Soldering Condition]



Note 1 Temperature Profile for the reflow should be set to the surface temperature of resin which is on the of LED. This should be the maximum temperature for soldering. Lowering the heating temperature and decreasing heating time is very effective in achieving higher reliability.

Note 2 The reflow soldering process should be done up to twice(2 times Max). When second process is performed, interval between first and second process should be as short as possible to prevent absorption of moisture to resin of LED. The second soldering process should not be done until LEDs have returned to room temperature (by nature-cooling) after first soldering process.

#### **Soldering condition**

- 4. If soldering manually, Stanley recommends using a soldering iron equipped with temperature control. During the actual soldering process, make sure that the soldering iron never touches the LED itself, and avoid the LED's electrode heating temperature reaching above the heating temperature of the solder pad. All repairs must be performed only once in the same spot, and please avoid reusing components.
- 5. In soldering process, immediately after iron tip is cleaned, please make sure that the soldering iron reaches the appropriate temperature before using. Also, please avoid applying any types of pressure to the soldered components before the solder has been cooled and hardened, as it may deteriorate solder performance and solder quality.

#### **(Recommended Manual Soldering Condition)**

Temperature of Iron Tip	350°CMAX.		
Soldering Duration, Time	3sec.Max.,1 time		

- 6. When using adhesive material for tentative fixatives, thermosetting resin or Ultraviolet radiation (UV) setting resin with heat shall be recommended.
  - 《The curing condition, Temperature:150℃Max./Time:300sec.Max.》
- 7. Flow soldering (dip soldering) is not recommended for this product.
- 8. Isopropyl alcohol is recommended for cleaning. Some chemicals, including Freon substitute detergent could corrode the lens or the casing surface, which cause discoloration, cloud, crack and so on. Please review the reference chart below for cleaning. If water is used to clean (including the final cleaning process), please use pure water (not tap water), and completely dry the component. Cleaning with ultrasonic is not recommended.

Cleaning agents	Recommended / Not recommended		
Isopropyl alcohol	✓ Recommended		
Trichloroethylene	x Not recommended		
Chlorothene	x Not recommended		
Acetone	x Not recommended		
Thinner	x Not recommended		

# RoHS2 Pb-free HEAT VCEL1152GS-TR

#### **Handling Precaution**

#### **[For Electric Static Discharge (ESD)]**

This type of LED lamp is highly sensitive to surge voltage generated by the On/Off status change and discharges of static electricity through frictions with synthetic materials, which may cause severe damage to the die or undermine its reliability. Damaged products may experience conditions such as extremely high reverse voltage, or a decrease of forward rise voltage, deteriorating its optical characteristic. Stanley products are designed to withstand up to 1,000V under the EIAJ ED-4701/300 Test #304 (HBM), and are packed with anti-static components. However, the following precautions and measures are vital in ensuring product quality during shipment.

EIAJ ED-4701/300 (304/HBM) Electrification model: C=100pF,  $R2=1.5K\Omega$ 

#### 1. Electrification/Static Electricity protection

Stanley recommends the following precautions in order to avoid product (die) damage from static electricity, when an operator and other materials electrified by friction coming in contact with the product.

- ① Do not place electrified non-conductive materials near the LED product.

  Avoid LED products from coming into contact with metallic materials.( Should the metallic material be electrified, the sudden surge voltage will most likely damage the product.)
- ② Avoid a working process which may cause the LED product to rub against other materials.
- 3 Install ground wires for any equipment, where they can be installed, with measures to avoid static electricity surges.
- **4** Prepare a ESD protective area by placing a Conductive Mattress ( $1M\Omega$  MAX.) and Ionizer to remove any static electricity.
- ⑤ Operators should wear a protective wrist-strap.
- **6** Operators should wear conductive work-clothes and shoes.
- To handle the products directly, Stanley recommends the use of ceramic, and not metallic, tweezers.

#### 2. Working Environment

- ① A dry environment is more likely to cause static electricity. Although a dry environment is ideal for storage state of LED products, Stanley recommends an environment with approximately 50% humidity after the soldering process.
- ② Recommended static electricity level in the working environment is 150V, which is the same value as Integrated Circuits (which are sensitive to static electricity).

## **Handling Precaution**



#### [Other Precautions]

- 1. Stanley LED Lamps have semiconductor characteristics and are designed to ensure high reliability. However, the performance may vary depending on usage conditions.
- 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings are set to prevent LED lamps from failing due to excess stress( temperature, current, voltage, etc.). Usage conditions must not exceed the ratings for a moment, nor do reach one item of absolute maximum ratings simultaneously.
- 3. In order to ensure high reliability from LED Lamps, variable factors that arise in actual usage conditions should be taken it to account for designing. ( Derating of TYP., MAX Forward Voltage, etc.)
- 4. Please insert Straight Protective Resistors into the circuit in order to stabilize LED operation and to prevent the device from igniting due to excess current.
- 5. Please avoid the stick of foreign material because molding resin in the products have adhesiveness. And please don't touch lens portion.
- 6. Please avoid overload to the product when using tweezers to pick up LEDs.

  Overload might cause deformation, disconnection, crap and consequently lead to lighting failure.

  Tweezer with wide-point is recommended, please avoid using sharp-point tweezer.
- 7. Please note external stress such as dropping and hitting may cause non-lighting due to deformation, crack and breaking. Ceramic tweezer with wide-point is recommended, please avoid using sharp-point one.
- 8. It is not recommended supersonic wave welding etc. after mounting the product.

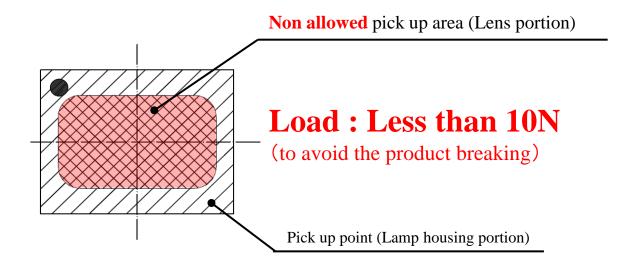
  There is a possibility of affecting on the junction part in package (junction part of die bonding and wire bonding). Please make sure there is no problem before using.
- 9. Please be careful when LED is soldered on a metal plate, since solder crack might be caused by heat.
- 10. Please note piling PCBs may stress LEDs. It may cause non-lighting due to deformation, crack and breaking.
- 11. This type of product is not water proof and moisture proof nor with salt corrosion protection, therefore attention should be paid when products are used under such conditions.
- 12. Please keep in desiccator regardless of before or after mounting not to be affected by corrosive gas when keeping products.
  - Also please make sure if there is any gas which occur in surrounding area or enter from outside when using products.
- 13. Please check the actual performance in the assembly because the Specification Sheets are described for LED device only.
- 14. Please refrain from looking directly at the light source of LED at high output, as it may harm your vision.
- 15. The products are designed to operate without failure in recommended usage conditions. However, please take the necessary precautions to prevent fire, injury, and other damages should any malfunction or failure arise.
- 16. The products are manufactured to be used for ordinary electronic equipment. Please contact our sales staff beforehand when exceptional quality and reliability are required, and the failure or malfunction of the products might directly jeopardize life or health ( such as for airplanes, aerospace, transport equipment, medical applications, nuclear reactor control systems and so on).
- 17. The formal specification sheets shall be valid only by exchange of documents signed by both parties.



#### 【 Handling Precautions for Product Mounting 】

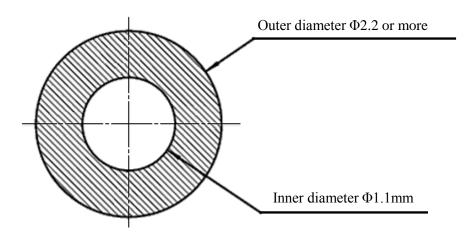
< Recommendation >

The pick up point is lamp housing only because the silicone resin used for the lens is soft. (If the nozzle makes contact with the lens, the products might be destroyed)



Please adjust the load, the pick up point, the nozzle diameter and etc. before mounting because the over load can cause the breakage of the lamp housing.

#### 1. Recommended nozzle shape

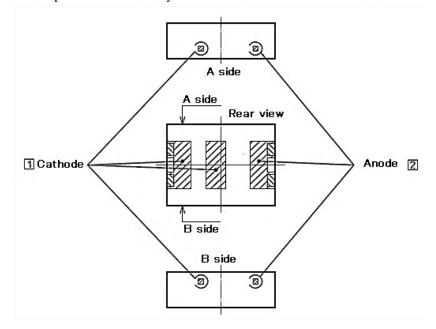


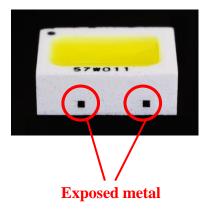
## **Handling Precaution**

#### [ Other Precautions ]

#### 1. Regarding exposed metal

This LED has exposed metal on the non soldering area. Please avoid touching electro conductive material on this exposed metal as it may connect with other electrode and short out.





#### **Packaging Specifications**

This product is baked (moisture removal) before packaging, and is shipped in moisture-proof packaging (as shown below) to minimize moisture absorption during transportation and storage. However, with regard to storing the products, Stanley recommends the use of dry-box under the following conditions is recommended. Moisture-proof bag as the packaging is made of anti-static material but packaging box is not.

#### [Recommended Storage Condition / Products Warranty Period ]

Temperature	+5 <b>~</b> 30℃
Humidity	Under 70%

In the case of the package unopened, 6 months under [Recommended Storage Condition]. Please avoid rapid transition from low temp. condition to high temp. condition and storage in corroding and dusty environment.

#### [Time elapsed after Package Opening.]

The package should not be opened until immediately prior to its use, and please keep the time frame between package opening and soldering which is **[maximum 672h]**.

If the device needs to be soldered twice, both soldering operations must be completed within the 72h.

If any components should remain unused, please reseal the package and store them under the conditions described in the [ Recommended Storage Condition ] above.

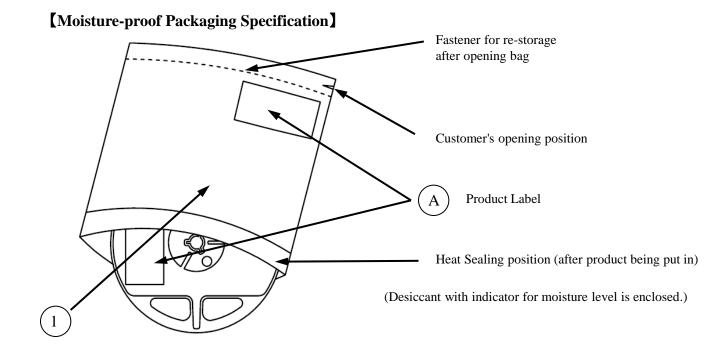
This product must be required to perform baking process (moisture removal) for at 48h(MIN.) - 72h(MAX.) at  $60\pm 5$  degrees Celsius if following conditions apply.

- 1. In the case of silica gel (blue) which indicates the moisture level within the package, changes or loses its blue color.
- 2. In the case of time passes for 672h after the package is opened once.

Baking process should be performed after LED having been taken out of the package.

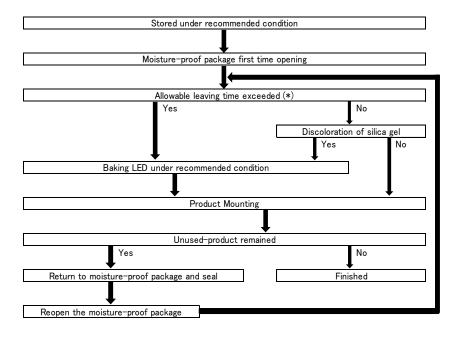
Baking may be performed in the tape-reel form, however if it is performed with the reel stacked over one another, it may cause deformation of the reels and taping materials and later obstruct mounting. Please handle only once it has returned to room temperature. Provided that, baking process shall be 2 times MAX.

#### **Packaging Specifications**



No.	PART NAME	MATELRIAL	REMARKS
1	Moisture-proof bag with Aluminum layer	PET+Al+PE	with ESD protection

#### [ Flow Chart-package Opening to Mounting ]



Allowable leaving time means the maximum allowable leaving time after opening package, which depends on each LED type.

The allowable leaving time should be calculated form the first opening of package to the time when soldering process is finished.

When judging if the allowable leaving time has exceeded or not, please subtract the soldering time. The allowable leaving time after reopening should be calculated form the first opening of package, or from the time when baking process is finished.

## **Packaging Specifications**

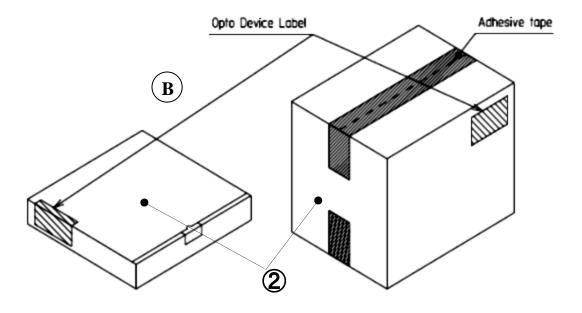
## [Packing box]

(RoHS2/ELV Compliant)

Box TYPE	Outline dimension $L \times W \times H \text{ (mm)}$	Capacity of the box
Type A	280 × 265 × 45	3 reels
Type B	310 × 235 × 265	15 reels
Туре С	440 × 310 × 265	30 reels

The above measure is all the reference value.

Shipping box is selected out of the above table by shipping quantity.



Type A Type B,C

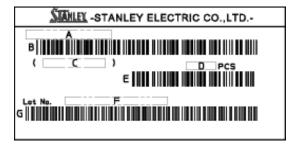
Material / box : Cardboard C5BF Material / box : Cardboard K5BF Partition : Cardboard K5BF

No.	PART NAME	MATELRIAL	REMARKS
2	Packing Box	Corrugated Cardboard	without ESD protection

#### [Label Specification]

(acc.to JIS-X0503(Code-39))

## (A) Product Label

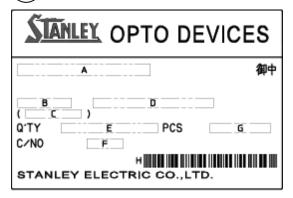


- A. Parts number
- B. Bar-code for parts number
- C. Parts code (In-house identification code for each parts number)
- D. Packed parts quantity
- E. Bar-Code for packed parts quantity
- F. Lot number & Rank

(refer to Lot Number Notational System for details )

G. Bar-Code for Lot number & Rank

## (B) Opto Device Label

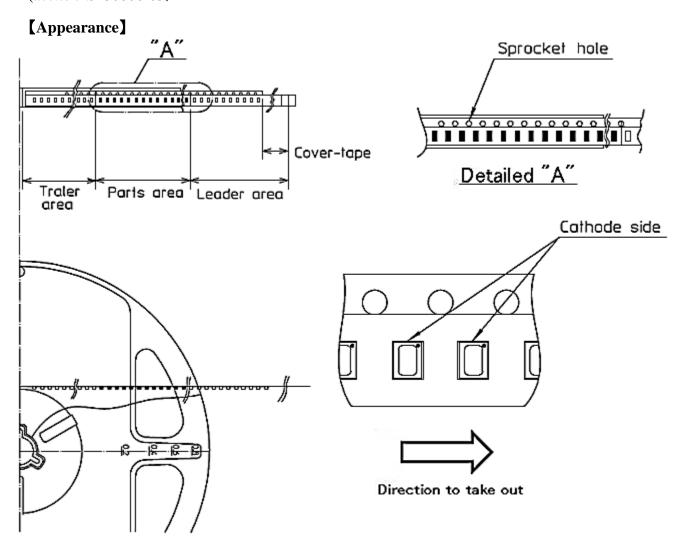


- A. Customer Name
- B. Parts Type
- C. Parts Code
- D. Parts Number
- E. Packed Parts Quantity
- F. Carton Number
- G. Shipping Date
- H. Bar-Code for In-house identification Number

<Remark> Bar-code font : acc.to Code-39(JIX0503)

## **Taping and Reel Specifications**

(acc.to JIS-C0806-03)



#### Note

<sup>&</sup>quot;-TR" means Cathode Side of LEDs should be placed on the sprocket-hole side.

Ite	ms	Specifications	Remarks	
I andomoren	Cover-tape	Cover-tape shall be longer than 300mm without carrier-tape	The end of cover-tape shall be held with adhesive tape.	
Leader area	Carrier-tape	Empty pocket shall be more than 25 pieces.	Please refer to the above figure for Taping & reel orientation.	
Trailer area		Empty pocket shall be more than 40 pieces.	The end of taping shall be inserted into a slit of the hub.	

#### **Taping and Reel Specifications**

(acc.to JIS-C0806-03)

#### [Qty. per Reel]

3,000parts/reel

Minimum Qty. per reel might be 500 parts when getting less than 3,000 parts. In such case, parts of 500-unit-qty. shall be packed in a reel and the qty. shall be identified on the label.

#### [Mechanical strength]

Cover-tape adhesive strength shall be  $0.1 \sim 1.0 \text{N}$  (An angle between carrier-tape and cover-tape shall be 170 deg.). Both tapes shall be so sealed that the contained parts will not come out from the tape when it is bent at a radius of 15mm.

#### [Others]

Reversed-orientation, Up-side down placing, side placing and out of spec. parts mix shall not be held. Max qty. of empty pocket per reel shall be defined as follows.

Max, qty. of empty pocket per reel shall be defined as follows.

Qty./Reel	Max.Qty. of empty pocket	Remarks
500	1	-
1,000	1	-
1,500	1	-
2,000	2	No continuance
2,500	2	No continuance
3,000	3	No continuance

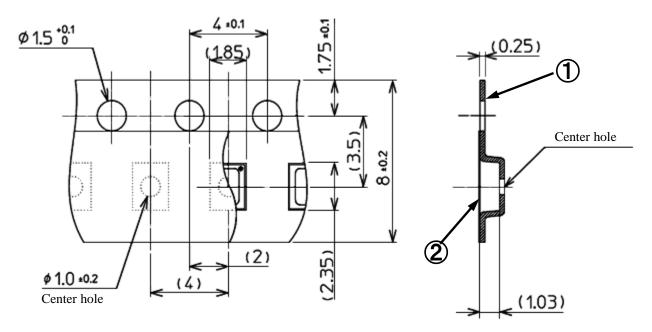
Unit: mm

## **Taping and Reel Specifications**

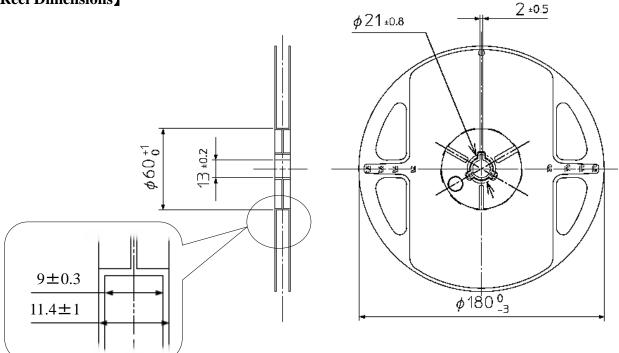
VCEL1152GS-TR

(acc.to JIS-C0806-03)

#### **[Taping Dimensions]**



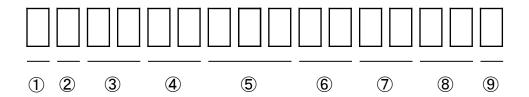
#### [Reel Dimensions]



NO.	PART NAME	REMARKS
1	Carrier-tape	Anti-Static Grade
2	Cover-tape	Anti-Static Grade
3	Carrier-real	Anti-Static Grade

## RoHS2 Pb-free HEAT VCEL1152GS-TR

#### **Lot Number Notational System**



① - Idigit: Production location (mark identify alphabet)

② - 1digit : Production year (the last digit of production year  $2020 \rightarrow 0, 2021 \rightarrow 1, 2022 \rightarrow 2, 2023 \rightarrow 3 \cdots$ )

③ - 2digits: Production month (Jan. to Sep., should be 01,02,03 ···)

4 - 2digits : Production date

⑤ - 3digits: Serial number

6 - 2digits: Tape and reel following number

⑦ - 2digits: Radiant intensity rank.

(If radiant intensity rank is 1 digit, "-" shall be dashed on the place for the second digit.

If there is no identified intensity rank, "--" is used to indicate.)

8 - 2digits: Color / chromaticity rank

(If color / chromaticity rank is 1 digit, "-" shall be dashed on the place for the second digit.

If there is no identified intensity rank, "--" is used to indicate.)

9 - 1digit : Option rank (Stanley normally print "-" to indicate)



#### Correspondence to RoHS2 / ELV instruction

This product is in compliance with RoHS2 / ELV.

Prohibition substance and it's criteria value of RoHS2 / ELV are as follows.

- •RoHS2 instruction ... Refer to following 1 to 10.
- •ELV instruction ... Refer to following 1 to 4.

No.	Substances	Thlreshold	
1	Lead and its compounds	0.1% (1,000ppm)	
2	Mercury and its compounds	0.1% (1,000ppm)	
3	Cadmium and its compounds	0.01% (100ppm)	
4	Hexavalent chromium compounds	0.1% (1,000ppm)	
5	PBB : Polybrominated Biphenyls	0.1% (1,000ppm)	
6	PBDE : Polybrominated Biphenyl Ethers	0.1% (1,000ppm)	
7	DEHP: Bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	0.1% (1,000ppm)	
8	BBP : Butyl benzyl phthalate	0.1% (1,000ppm)	
9	DBP : Dibutyl phthalate	0.1% (1,000ppm)	
10	DIBP : Diis obutyl phthalate	0.1% (1,000ppm)	

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## **Reliability Testing Result**

#### 1. Reliability Testing Result

		T		1
Test Item	Standard	Test Condition	Duration	Failure
Room Temperature Operating Life	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		1,000h	0 / 20
High Temperature Operating Life	EIAJ ED-4701 /100(101)	Ta=85°C I <sub>F</sub> =20mA	1,000h	0 / 20
Low Temperature Operating Life	EIAJ ED-4701 /100(101)	Ta=-40°C I <sub>F</sub> =20mA	1,000h	0 / 20
Wet High Temperature Operating Life	EIAJ ED-4701 /100(102)	Ta=60°C Rh=90% I <sub>F</sub> =20mA	1,000h	0 / 20
High Temperature Storage Life	EIAJ ED-4701 /200(201)	Ta=110°C	1,000h	0 / 20
Low Temperature Storage Life	EIAJ ED-4701 /200(202)	Ta=-40°C	1,000h	0 / 20
Wet High Temperature Storage Life	EIAJ ED-4701 /100(101)	Ta=60°C Rh=90%	1,000h	0 / 20
Thermal Shock	EIAJ ED-4701 /100(105)	Ta=-40°C to 110°C (each 15min)	1,000 cycles	0 / 20
Thermal Shock Operating	EIAJ ED-4701 /100(105)	Ta=-40 $^{\circ}$ C(OFF) to 85 $^{\circ}$ C(I <sub>F</sub> =10mA ON) (each 15min)	1,000 cycles	0 / 20
Cycled Temperature Humidity Operating Life	EIAJ ED-4701 /200(203)	Ta=-30°C $\sim$ 80°C 95% 8h/cycle $I_F$ =10mA 5min on-off	30 cycles	0 / 20
Resistance to Reflow Soldering	EIAJ ED-4701 /300(301)	Moisture Soak: 30°C 70% 672h Preheating: 150 to 180°C 90-120sec Soldering: 260°C peak	2times	0 / 20
Electrostatic Discharge(ESD) 💥	EIAJ ED-4701 /300(304)	C=100pF R2=1.5kΩ ±2,000V	once each polarity	0 / 20
Vibration, Variable Frequency	EIAJ ED-4701 /400(403)	98.1m/s <sup>2</sup> (10G) 100~2,000Hz 20min sweep XYZ direction	Each direction	0 / 20

Reference test

#### 2. Failure Criteria

Item	Symbol	Condition	Failure Criteria
Luminous Intensity	$I_{ m V}$	I <sub>F</sub> =10mA	Testing Min. Value < Standard Min. Value × 0.5
Forward Voltage	$V_{\rm F}$	I <sub>F</sub> =10mA	Testing Max. Value $\geq$ Standard Max. Value $\times$ 1.2
Reverse Current	$I_R$	V <sub>R</sub> =5V	Testing Max. Value ≧ Standard Max. Value × 2.5
Cosmetic Appearance	-	-	Notable discoloration, deformation and cracking



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